

Issue Date: 01-Jun-2010

Revision Date: 20-Nov-2013

Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier Product Name	PVCP – Primer/Cleaner		
Other means of identification SDS #	PVCP		
Product Code UN/ID No	PVCP-8, PVCP-16 UN1993		
Recommended use of the chemic			
Recommended Use	Low VOC PRIMER-CLEANER for PVC and CPVC Plastic Pipe		
Details of the supplier of the safet Distributed By: Atlantic Chemical & Equipment Co. 3471 Atlanta Industrial Pkwy – Ste 2 Atlanta, GA 30331 USA	Inc.		
Emergency Telephone Number Company Phone Number Emergency Telephone (24 hr)	1-800-929-2436 INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053		
	2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION		
Appearance Liquid of various cold	ors Physical State Liquid	Odor	Ether-like
Classification_			

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	Category 3
Flammable Liquids	Category 2

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC)

May be harmful in contact with skin

<u>Signal Word</u> Danger

Hazard Statements

Harmful if swallowed Harmful if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness Highly flammable liquid and vapor



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

Use personal protective equipment as required Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area Wear eye/face protection Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking Keep container tightly closed Ground/bond container and receiving equipment Use explosion-proof equipment Use only non-sparking tools Take precautionary measures against static discharge Keep cool

Precautionary Statements - Response

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison center or doctor/physician Rinse mouth IN CASE OF FIRE: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Store locked up Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

WHMIS Classification

Class B-Division 2 Class D-Division 2A Class D-Division 2B

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No	Weight-%
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	Proprietary
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	Proprietary
Acetone	67-64-1	Proprietary

If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

First Aid Measures

General Advice	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Eye Contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention/advice.
Skin Contact	Wash with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen; seek medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If drowsy or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth; place individual on the left side with head down. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center.

Most important symptoms and effects

SymptomsDirect eye contact may cause stinging, tearing and redness. May cause dermatitis or
irritation in some individuals upon prolonged contact. May include redness, drying and
cracking of skin. Prolonged breathing of vapors may cause nausea, headache, weakness
and/or dizziness. Long term overexposure may cause liver and kidney damage.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician Individuals with chronic respiratory, skin, kidney, or liver disorders may be at increased risk from exposure.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Class IB Flammable Liquid. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Combustion products may be toxic.

Hazardous Combustion Products Carbon oxides. Hydrocarbons.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions	ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
	Persons not wearing proper personal protective equipment should be excluded from area of
	spill.

Environmental Precautions Prevent runoff to sewers, streams, and other bodies of water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for ContainmentStop spill at source.Methods for Clean-UpPump or vacuum transfer spilled product to clean containers for recovery. Absorb
unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other materials to
containers for disposal. Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local
authorities. See section 15.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling	Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Containers of this material may be hazardous when emptied. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid, solid) all hazard precautions given in the data sheet must be
	observed. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions	Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Store away from sources of ignition. Store containers upright.
Incompatible Materials	Oxidizers. Acids. Bases.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Tetrahydrofuran	STEL: 100 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 2000 ppm
109-99-9	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm
	S*	(vacated) TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 590 mg/m ³	STEL: 250 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 250 ppm	STEL: 735 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 735 mg/m ³	_
Acetone	STEL: 750 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm	IDLH: 2500 ppm
67-64-1	TWA: 500 ppm	TWA: 2400 mg/m ³	TWA: 250 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 750 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 1800 mg/m ³	
		(vacated) STEL: 2400 mg/m ³	
		The acetone STEL does not apply	
		to the cellulose acetate fiber	
		industry. It is in effect for all other	
		sectors	
		(vacated) STEL: 1000 ppm	
Methyl ethyl ketone	STEL: 300 ppm	TWA: 200 ppm	IDLH: 3000 ppm
78-93-3	TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³	TWA: 200 ppm
		(vacated) TWA: 200 ppm	TWA: 590 mg/m ³
		(vacated) TWA: 590 mg/m ³	STEL: 300 ppm
		(vacated) STEL: 300 ppm	STEL: 885 mg/m ³
		(vacated) STEL: 885 mg/m ³	

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls

Ventilation systems. Eyewash stations. Showers. Mechanical exhaust (explosion proof) may be required.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection	Splash goggles or safety glasses.
Skin and Body Protection	Rubber gloves. Wear protective clothing appropriate for task (coveralls, apron, Tyvek suit).
Respiratory Protection	Not required with normal usage. Wear approved respirator in confined spaces or limited ventilation.
General Hygiene Considerations	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Appearance Color	Liquid Thin liquid Clear or purple	Odor Odor Threshold	Ether-like 1.0 ppm
60101		Ouor miesnoiu	1.0 ppm
<u>Property</u> pH	<u>Values</u> Not available	Remarks • Method	
Melting Point/Freezing Point	-108 °C / -163 °F		
Boiling Point/Boiling Range	56 °C / 133 °F		
Flash Point	-20 °C / -4 °F		
Evaporation Rate	8.0	(butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability (Solid, Gas)	n/a-liquid	· · · · · ·	
Upper Flammability Limits	12.8%		
Lower Flammability Limit	1.4%		
Vapor Pressure	190 mm Hg	@ 20°C (68°F)	
Vapor Density	2.5	(Air=1)	
Specific Gravity	0.82		
Water Solubility	Negligible		
Solubility in other solvents	Not determined		
Partition Coefficient	Not determined 321 °C / 610 °F		
Auto-ignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature	321 °C / 610 °F Not determined		
Kinematic Viscosity	Not determined		
Dynamic Viscosity	Not determined		
Explosive Properties	Not determined		
Oxidizing Properties	Not determined		
VOC Content	Maximum VOC emissions when appl	ied and tested per SCAQN	ID Rule 1168, Test Method
	316A is < 550 g/L		

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing.

Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Incompatible Materials

Oxidizers. Acids. Bases.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Hydrocarbons.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Product Information

Eye Contact	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Skin Contact	May be harmful in contact with skin.	
Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.	
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.	

Component Information

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	= 1650 mg/kg (Rat)	-	= 53.9 mg/L (Rat)4 h = 180 mg/L (Rat)1 h
Acetone 67-64-1	= 5800 mg/kg (Rat)	-	-
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	= 2737 mg/kg (Rat)	= 6480 mg/kg (Rabbit)	-

Information on physical, chemical and toxicological effects

Symptoms

Please see section 4 of this SDS for symptoms.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. However, the product as a whole has not been tested.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Tetrahydrofuran	A3			
109-99-9				

Legend

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 3 IARC components are "not classifiable as human carcinogens"

STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Not determined

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Category IV

Chemical Name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Toxicity to	Crustacea
			microorganisms	

Tetrahydrofuran	1970 - 2360: 96 h		5930: 24 h Daphnia magna
109-99-9	Pimephales promelas mg/L		mg/L EC50
	LC50 flow-through 2700 -		
	3600: 96 h Pimephales		
	promelas mg/L LC50 static		
Acetone	4.74 - 6.33: 96 h	EC50 = 14500 mg/L 15 min	10294 - 17704: 48 h Daphnia
67-64-1	Oncorhynchus mykiss mL/L	_	magna mg/L EC50 Static
	LC50 6210 - 8120: 96 h		12600 - 12700: 48 h Daphnia
	Pimephales promelas mg/L		magna mg/L EC50
	LC50 static 8300: 96 h		
	Lepomis macrochirus mg/L		
	LC50		
Methyl ethyl ketone	3130 - 3320: 96 h	EC50 = 3403 mg/L 30 min	520: 48 h Daphnia magna
78-93-3	Pimephales promelas mg/L	EC50 = 3426 mg/L 5 min	mg/L EC50 5091: 48 h
	LC50 flow-through		Daphnia magna mg/L EC50
			4025 - 6440: 48 h Daphnia
			magna mg/L EC50 Static

Persistence/Degradability Not determined.

Bioaccumulation

Not determined.

<u>Mobility</u>

Chemical Name	Partition Coefficient
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	0.45
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	0.29
Acetone 67-64-1	-0.24

Other Adverse Effects

Not determined

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods

Disposal of Wastes	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

US EPA Waste Number

Chemical Name	RCRA	RCRA - Basis for Listing	RCRA - D Series Wastes	RCRA - U Series Wastes
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9				U213
Acetone 67-64-1		Included in waste stream: F039		U002
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	U159	Included in waste streams: F005, F039	200.0 mg/L regulatory level	U159

California Hazardous Waste Status

Chemica	I Name	California Hazardous Waste Status	
Tetrahyd		Toxic	
109-99-9		Ignitable	
Methyl ethyl ketone		Toxic	
78-9		Ignitable	
Aceto 67-6		Ignitable	
67-0	4-1		
	14. TRANSPOR	TINFORMATION	
Note Please see current shipping paper for most up to date shipping exemptions and special circumstances.			
DOT UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group Note:	UN1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) 3 II Ground shipments of containers up to 1L per inner packaging, qualify for 'Limited Quantity' exception.		
IATA UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group	UN1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) 3 II		
IMDG UN/ID No Proper Shipping Name Hazard Class Packing Group Marine Pollutant	UN1993 Flammable liquid, n.o.s. (Methyl ethyl ketone, Acetone) 3 II No		

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Legend:

Listed

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances

IECSC - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

CERCLA

Chemical Name	Hazardous Substances RQs	CERCLA/SARA RQ	Reportable Quantity (RQ)
Tetrahydrofuran	1000 lb		RQ 1000 lb final RQ
109-99-9			RQ 454 kg final RQ
Methyl ethyl ketone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
78-93-3			RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Acetone	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ
67-64-1			RQ 2270 kg final RQ

<u>SARA 313</u>

Not determined

US State Regulations

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	X	X	Х
Methyl ethyl ketone 78-93-3	X	X	Х
Acetone 67-64-1	X	X	Х

16. OTHER INFORMATION

<u>NFPA</u> HMIS	Health Hazards 2 Health Hazards 2	Flammability 3 Flammability 3	Instability 1 Physical Hazards 1	Special Hazards None Personal Protection G
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Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of Safety Data Sheet